I CLAIM:

1. A pair of hairdressing scissors for styling and cutting hair, comprising:

a first and a second scissor element pivotally connected together, each scissor element including a respective transversely extending flange and each scissor element having a first end with a tip and a second end with a handle, said transverse flange on said first scissor element having a plurality of teeth formed thereon, said teeth alternating between a tall tooth and a short tooth, said transverse flange on said second scissor element having a plurality of notches formed therein, said notches alternating between a shallow and a deep notch, wherein said notches are complementarily meshed between said teeth on said first scissor element when both of said scissors elements are in a closed and cutting position, said short and tall teeth including respective faces and said shallow and deep notches including respective surfaces, wherein said faces and surfaces have complementary angularities for shearing the hair such that when a plurality of hair strands to be cut are introduced between said scissor elements, the hair strands are resultantly cut at alternating tall and short lengths, whereby the longer lengths of hair laterally move respective to the shorter lengths of hair, thereby producing a hair style with movement.

2. The hairdressing scissors of Claim 1, wherein all teeth generally have a pyramidal configuration.

3. The hairdressing scissors of Claim 1, wherein each of the short and tall teeth have a respective base, said base of each tooth defined as the longitudinal distance between a proximate tooth end and a distal tooth end.

4. The hairdressing scissors of Claim 3, wherein on said first scissors element, the distal end of the base of each short tooth is juxtaposed with the proximate end of the base of each tall tooth.

5. The hairdressing scissors of Claim 3, wherein all of said teeth include a front and a rear shearing face, wherein said front shearing face is defined as an area extending from said proximate end, upwardly to an apex, and further extending between an upper surface and a lower surface of said scissors element.

6. The hairdressing scissors of Claim 3, wherein said rear shearing face is defined as an area extending from said distal end, upwardly to an apex, and further extending between an upper surface and a lower surface of said scissors element.

7. The hairdressing scissors of Claim 5, wherein said front shearing face and said rear shearing face on a particular tooth are parallel to each other.

8. The hairdressing scissors of Claim 3, wherein all of said shallow and deep notches will have a respective longitudinal span that is defined as a distance between a respective proximate and a distal peak, wherein all of said peaks are located on a same horizontal plane.

9. The hairdressing scissors of Claim 8, wherein each shallow notch has an identical depth, said depth defined as a vertical distance between a shallow valley and one of said proximate and distal peaks.

10. The hairdressing scissors of Claim 9, wherein each shallow notch is delimited by a front surface and a rear surface, said front surface defined as an area extending from said shallow valley, upwardly to said distal peak, and further extending between an upper surface and a lower surface which defines a thickness of said flange of said scissors element, and wherein said rear surface is defined as an area extending from said shallow valley, upwardly to said proximate peak, and further extending between said upper and lower surfaces which define said thickness of said flange of said scissors element,.

11. The hairdressing scissors of Claim 8, wherein each deep notch has an identical depth, said depth defined as a vertical distance between a deep valley and one of said proximate and distal peaks.

12. The hairdressing scissors of Claim 9, wherein each deep notch is delimited by a front surface and a rear surface, said front surface defined as an area extending from said deep valley, upwardly to said distal peak, and further extending between an upper surface and a lower surface which defines a thickness of said flange of said scissors element, and wherein said rear surface is defined as an area extending from said deep valley, upwardly to said proximate peak, and further extending between said upper and lower surfaces which define said thickness of said flange of said scissors element.

13. The hairdressing scissors of Claim 3, wherein on said first scissors element, the short and the tall teeth are arranged such that two short teeth are juxtaposed next to each other and two tall teeth are juxtaposed next to each other, wherein a pattern of two short teeth are followed by two tall teeth is established along the length of the flange.